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Stream of consolidation process in pharmaceutical industries

¹priyabrata Sahoo, ²soumyaranjan Chand,

Gandhi Institute of Excellent Technocrats, Bhubaneswar, India Black Diamond College of Engineering & Technology, Jharsuguda, Odisha, India

ABSTRACT - We researched and analyzed development trends in high-tech, world pharmaceutical industry. We found out that pharmaceutical industry has been strongly concentrating and cossolidating over the last severalyears. According to our research outcomes, we may conclude that the most important strategic reasons for theintensive consolidation processes are the lack of new products, high investments needed for R&D activities todevelop new products, globalization and processes, as well increased competitiveness in the industry sector. The concentration process has formed some new phramaceutical players in the world market place.

IndexTerms-consolidation, high-techindustry, pharmaceuticals, mergers and acquistions

I. INTRODUCTION

require the biggest investments in allpharmaceuticalcompanies. Referringtotheongoingactivitiesofworldpharmaceutical industry, we have discovered someevident elements which mark the most important characteristics of worldpharmaceutical industry:

- increased globalization,
- changing structure of competitors and increased competitiveness,
- $\bullet \qquad lack of new products, despite increase d in vestments into R\&D (Research\&Development)\\$
- fast consolidation and concentration of worldpharmaceuticalindustry
- developmentofnewtherapeuticfieldsandtechnologies (biotechnology,pharmacogenomics)
- fastdevelopmentofworldgenericmarkets.

Thebasicactivityforeachinventivepharmaceuticalcompanyistoresearchanddevelopnewproductstoprovidenewthera piestopatients and to cover unmet medical needs. There are still many unful filled the rapeutic fields such as cancer and diab psoriasis etesorseveredeseaseslikerheumatoidarthritis, and rare genetic deseases. [1]However, the basic research and development of a new product is extremely an demanding, comprehensive and expensive task We can under line that basic research and development activities (R&D), together with marketing and sales, are defined as the context of the citivelytwomostimportantoperativeandeven more significant strategic activities ofpharmaceuticalcompanies. These two activities Havinganalysedthefigures, we found that the most inventive pharmaceutical companies invest on average around 16

% of their sales into R&D and even more (approximately 25% or higher) into marketing and sales activities [2]. theseratios, especially those for R&D investments, are even higher specialist firms pharmacogenomic pharmaceutical global companies, and much lower with generic pharmaceutical companies [3] The pharmaceutical industryisstructurallynotunique, aspharmaceutical companies differ much according very to basicmission, coreactivities, performance and their strategic development and vision. Considering all these factors, we can define three different groups of pharmaceutical companies [4]:

- pharmaceuticalcompanieswhichprimarilyworkonbasicresearch, development, marketing and sales of brand new, inventive, original pharmaceutical products (the inventors or originators)
- pharmaceutical companies which primarily work on development and sales of generic products (the generic or copy cat producers)
- pharmaceuticalcompanieswhichprimarilyworkonbasicresearchanddevelopmentofbiotechnology and pharmacogenomic products and technologies of new delivery systems (thespecialists).

1. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND OBJECTIVES

We aim to research consolidation and concentration process in world pharmaceutical industry. We plantous epublicly available and published data of world pharmaceutical companies in our research activities. We plan to use in our research study there search methods of description, compilation and case study to explore our research. Thus, on the basis of known factors , we postulated two exploratory hypothesis which we would like to confirm or discard:

H1:Worldpharmaceuticalindustryhasbeenundergoing strong consolidation and concentrationprocess.

H2: Consolidation is only performed in the segmentofinventive pharmaceutical companies.

Weusedthefollowingresearchmethodsinourresearchwork:descriptionmethod,compilationmethod, method of analysis, comparative method,casestudymethodandsynthesismethodofbringingoutthefinalresearchconsclusions.

TABLE 2: LEADING WORLDPHARMACEUTICALCOMPANIESIN2014*

Pos itio n	Company	Country oforigin	Sales in bn \$	Worldm arketsh arein
1.	Pfizer	USA	49.6	5.0
2.	Novartis	Switzerl and	44.2	4.5

3.	Sanofi	France	42.1	4.3	
4.	Merck &Co.	USA	37.6	3.8	
5.	Roche	Switzerl and	36.9	3.7	
6.	Johnson&J ohnson	USA	32.3	3.3	
7.	GlaxoSmit hKline	UK	30.8	3.1	
8.	AstraZene ca	UK	26.1	2.6	
9.	AbbVie	USA	19.9	2.0	
10.	E.Lilly	USA	USAS	1.717.3	

^{* -} according to consolidated sales of pharmaceuticals andvaccines Source:adapted from the companies official publishedreports

The leading tenpharmaceutical companies hadover 34% marketshareoftheglobalpharmaceuticalmarket in year 2014. For comparison, this figure was around 17% ten years ago. This is quite a significant sign of how intensive market consolidation and concentration of the pharmaceutical industry has changed its strategic global position and structure over the last seve array ears. We have found out that

ASSUMPTIONSANDLIMITATIONS

We assumed that phramaceutical industry is in astrongglobalization process, we assumed that phramaceutical industry is very competitive and market driven business. Main limitations were access to all business data and figures of pharmaceutical companies and their accuracy and reliability.

PHARMACEUTICALINDUSTRY

We can see a relative strong concentration of marketshareoftheworldpharmaceuticalmarketin10leadingworldpharmaceuticalcompanies,despitethe fact that the leading pharmaceutical companyPfizer has currently around 7% of pharmaceuticalglobalmarket share.

many mergers and acquisitions (M&A) have occurred, resulting in the creation of new pharmaceutical companies. Examples can include Novartis which acquired the American pharmaceutical company Alcon, Pfizer which acquired Wyeth and King Pharmaceuticals, Merck & Company purchased Schering Plough, and leading French pharmaceutical company Sanofiac quired the US-based biotechnology company Genzyme [5].

After having analyzed what is the most important strategic clue for these acquisitions, we reserached and found out one of the most important reasons were product st memselves. The need for new product sis are ality into day's pharmaceutical industry. The develop ment of an ewdrug, NAS (New Active Substance) is set to be funded in excess of US\$1.3 billion and require over 12 years to get it to market as a finished and approved product [6]. This is a very complex, comprehensive, and highly risk yeffort with no guarantee the new product might succeed in the market and provide a Return-on-Investment (ROI).

Worldpharmaceutical industry has been concentrating for the last 30 years. R&D and marketing and sales activities represent two of the most important and strategic priorities of pharmaceutical companies and into which the majority part of companies proceeds are invested.

According to our research, we can under line the most important reasons for the consolidation processes in world pharmaceutical industry are then extones:

- lackofnewproductstodrivesales growth
- hugeinvestmentsneededforR&Dactivitiestodevelopnew products
- fastglobalizationprocesses of the global economy
- globalmarketingandsalesactivitieswhichneedlargeinvestments
- changedstructureofcompetitorscreatedbyM&Astrategies and consolidation processes

The concentration process has formed brand newphramaceuticalplayers, howeversome pharmaceutical companies have vanished from theworld market. We researched and found out one of the most important and as well strategic reasons formergers and acquistions (M&A) are pharmaceutical products. Besides, keeping and increasing global competitiveness is another very imporatant reason for the consolidation of pharmaceutical industry in

We found out this process enables pharmaceutical companies to enternew development circles and arrangelong-term development and needed growth. Formation of various partnerships is now adays one of the mostly used strategies in pharmaceutical industry. We researched and marked below the most important strategicactivities of creating common strategies for pharmaceutical companies:

- researchanddevelopment(R&D)fornewproductcreation
- productstodrivethesalesgrowthandgainincreasedmarket shares
- marketsforgeographicandmarketexpansion
- marketing and sales to enforce marketing andsalesactivitiestocompeteontheglobalmarkets andtodrivefurthersales growth
- strategicdevelopment
- increasing global competitiveness

 $Following are some significant examples to illustrate the market situation for abetter understanding \cite{The properties of the propert$

TABLE 3: SOME IMPORTANT STRATEGICA CQUISITION DEALS IN WORLDPHARMACEUTICALINDUSTRY

Acquirer	Target			Mainstrat egicreason sfortake- overs
	SmithKlineBe echam, UK	2000	79	productpor tfolio , R&D
Pfizer,USA	WarnerLambe rt,USA	2000	89	productLip itor(atorvas t atin)
Novartis,S witzerland	Alcon,USA	2008/ 2010	52	productpor tfolio - ophtalm ology
Roche,Swit zerland	Genentech,US A	2008	42	productAv astin(bevac izumab), R&D

Source:ownestimation,adaptedfromthecompanies'officialpublished reports

- inthegroupofinventivecompaniesseveralacquistionsofUS-basedPfizer(WarnerLambert,Pharmacia-Upjohn),themergerofGlaxoWellcomeandSmithKlineBeechamtocreateGlaxoSmithKline,themergerofAstraand Zeneca to form AstraZeneca, and in the lastyearPfizeracquiredanotherthreepharmaceuticalcompanies:Hospira,AnacolPharmaceuticals andMedivation, in the group of generic companies the leadingIsraeli company Teva has executed over 25 bigacquisitionsinthelastdecade,havinglastlyacquired four companies:AuspexPharmaceuticals, Rimsa, Allergan Generics andActavis Generics,
- inthegroupofspecialiststheUS-basedbiotechnology company, Amgen, has beenactive inthe USA byacquiring six specialists in the samesegment.

We have researched a vaiable published pharmaceutical firms data regarding their M&A activities and the key reasons for them. According to our research outcomes, there have been more than 10,000 various alliances for meding lobal pharmaceutical industry over the last three decades [8]. We have found out consolidation processes have been performed in all three sectors of pharmaceutical industry (inventive-original pharmaceutical companies, generic producers, and specialists). We have also discovered world pharmaceutical industry has become more oligopolistic. We support this statement with

Knickerbrockertheoryofoligopolististicreactionwhichsaysthat[9]"Oligopolisticcompanies, asminimizatorsoftakin grisksinavoidanceofdestroying effects of competition follow each otherto new markets to protect their own interests. It issignificant that the action of one player creates areaction of the other competitors, an action creates areactionandsothestoryofoligopolisationcontinues". This statementillustrates and explainsproperlyconsolidationprocessinworldpharmaceuticalindustry.

According to our research we found out the mostimportant key factors for merger and acquistions in the pharmaceutical industry are the following ones: need for sales growth, new products, new markets, marketing and sales activities, R&D (research and development), creation of synergies and strong need for the increasing of global competitiveness.

Pharmaceutical companies tend to internationalize and globalize their business activities sooner as inthepastduetomarketliberalization, increased global competitiveness and an eed to react properly pharmaceutical companies. We may conclude increased global competitiveness and amended structure of competitors which is generated by the M&A process and strategy, have greatly influenced the strategic orientation of majority of pharmaceutical companies. Based on that we can confirm our first hypotheis H1 that world pharmaceutical industry has been undergoing strong consolidation and concentration process.

We found out that intensive globalization processinfluencestheconcentrationandconsolidationinthe global pharmaceutical industry which becomesmoreoligopolistic.Furtheron,thelackofnewproducts, fight for global market shares, increasedglobalcompetitiveness,andchangedstructureofcompetitors further speed up the consolidation inpharmaceutical industry. Moreover, consolidation is evident in all three sectors of world pharmaceuticalindustry. Based on that reserach outcome, we canoverturnoursecondhypothesisH2thatconsolidationisonlyperformedinsegmentofinventivepharmaceuticalcompanies.

to strategic consolidation and concentration activities of competitors.

According to Svetlicic who stipulates that» Modernways of internationalisation with the aid of networkformationand strategical liances enable internationalisation without company growth. Today, companies decide for internationalization and alliances because they desire to:

- beclosertocustomers
- increaseeffectiveness
- gain better access to technologies andknowledge(know-how)
- protectthemselvesfromcompetitors(strategicreasons)«[10].

We may say that in a certain way the concept of strongmarketoriented management clearly designates a company's business philosophy. We may entirely agree with Corstjens' estimation that

»Thesectorofpharmaceuticalindustry, despitebeing very specific in all aspects, is an ideal case, how a practice and usage of the marketing management concept directly relates to a very successful business perform ance of this industrial sector". [11]

II. CONCLUSION

Our research shows M&A strategy predominate as a strategicorientation for a number of world Based on our research outcomes we may fore see consolidation processes is set to continue as pharmaceutical firms tend to follow the M&A strategies of their competitors in endeavour to defend their global market position and as well their long-term competitiveness.

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